l	CORPORATE FRANCHISE AND INCOME TAX
2	AMENDMENTS
}	2010 GENERAL SESSION
1	STATE OF UTAH
5	LONG TITLE
,	General Description:
	This bill amends the Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes chapter.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 modifies the definition of "foreign operating company" to provide requirements
	relating to property and payroll located outside the United States;
	 addresses provisions relating to subtractions from unadjusted income, including a
	subtraction for a foreign operating company; and
	makes technical changes.
	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2011.
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
	59-7-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 312
	59-7-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 389
	59-7-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 312
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 59-7-101 is amended to read:
	59-7-101. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
)	(1) "Adjusted income" means unadjusted income as modified by Sections 59-7-105
	and 59-7-106.

32	(2) (a) "Affiliated group" means one or more chains of corporations that are connected
33	through stock ownership with a common parent corporation that meet the following
34	requirements:
35	(i) at least 80% of the stock of each of the corporations in the group, excluding the
36	common parent corporation, is owned by one or more of the other corporations in the group;
37	and
38	(ii) the common parent directly owns at least 80% of the stock of at least one of the
39	corporations in the group.
40	(b) "Affiliated group" does not include corporations that are qualified to do business
41	but are not otherwise doing business in this state.
42	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which
43	is limited and preferred as to dividends.
44	(3) "Apportionable income" means adjusted income less nonbusiness income net of
45	related expenses, to the extent included in adjusted income.
46	(4) "Apportioned income" means apportionable income multiplied by the
47	apportionment fraction as determined in Section 59-7-311.
48	(5) "Business income" is as defined in Section 59-7-302.
49	(6) (a) "Captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust if:
50	(i) the shares or beneficial interests of the real estate investment trust are not regularly
51	traded on an established securities market; and
52	(ii) more than 50% of the voting power or value of the shares or beneficial interests of
53	the real estate investment trust are directly, indirectly, or constructively:
54	(A) owned by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust; or
55	(B) controlled by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust.
56	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
57	commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
58	(7) (a) "Common ownership" means the direct or indirect control or ownership of more
59	than 50% of the outstanding voting stock of:
60	(i) a parent-subsidiary controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
61	Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%;
62	(ii) a brother-sister controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue

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63	Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%; or
64	(iii) three or more corporations each of which is a member of a group of corporations
65	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or $[\frac{(2)(a)}{(a)}]$ (ii), and one of which is:
66	(A) a common parent corporation included in a group of corporations described in
67	Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
68	(B) included in a group of corporations described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
69	(b) Ownership of outstanding voting stock shall be determined by Section 1563,
70	Internal Revenue Code.
71	(8) (a) "Controlling entity of a captive real estate investment trust" means an entity
72	that:
73	(i) is treated as an association taxable as a corporation under the Internal Revenue
74	Code;
75	(ii) is not exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(a), Internal Revenue
76	Code; and
77	(iii) directly, indirectly, or constructively holds more than 50% of:
78	(A) the voting power of a captive real estate investment trust; or
79	(B) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of a captive real estate investment
80	trust.
81	(b) "Controlling entity of a captive real estate investment trust" does not include:
82	(i) a real estate investment trust, except for a captive real estate investment trust;
83	(ii) a qualified real estate investment subsidiary described in Section 856(i), Internal
84	Revenue Code, except for a qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary of a captive real
85	estate investment trust; or
86	(iii) a foreign real estate investment trust.
87	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
88	commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
89	(9) "Corporate return" or "return" includes a combined report.
90	(10) "Corporation" includes:
91	(a) entities defined as corporations under Sections 7701(a) and 7704, Internal Revenue
92	Code; and

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(b) other organizations that are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes

94	under the Internal Revenue Code.
95	(11) "Dividend" means any distribution, including money or other type of property,
96	made by a corporation to its shareholders out of its earnings or profits accumulated after
97	December 31, 1930.
98	(12) (a) "Doing business" includes any transaction in the course of its business by a
99	domestic corporation, or by a foreign corporation qualified to do or doing intrastate business in
100	this state.
101	(b) Except as provided in Subsection 59-7-102(2), "doing business" includes:
102	(i) the right to do business through incorporation or qualification;
103	(ii) the owning, renting, or leasing of real or personal property within this state; and
104	(iii) the participation in joint ventures, working and operating agreements, the
105	performance of which takes place in this state.
106	(13) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation that is incorporated or organized
107	under the laws of this state.
108	(14) (a) "Farmers' cooperative" means an association, corporation, or other
109	organization that is:
110	(i) (A) an association, corporation, or other organization of:
111	(I) farmers; or
112	(II) fruit growers; or
113	(B) an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to an association,
114	corporation, or organization described in Subsection (14)(a)(i)(A); and
115	(ii) organized and operated on a cooperative basis to:
116	(A) (I) market the products of members of the cooperative or the products of other
117	producers; and
118	(II) return to the members of the cooperative or other producers the proceeds of sales
119	less necessary marketing expenses on the basis of the quantity of the products of a member or
120	producer or the value of the products of a member or producer; or
121	(B) (I) purchase supplies and equipment for the use of members of the cooperative or

(B) (I) purchase supplies and equipment for the use of members of the cooperative or other persons; and

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(II) turn over the supplies and equipment described in Subsection (14)(a)(ii)(B)(I) at actual costs plus necessary expenses to the members of the cooperative or other persons.

125	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (14)(b)(ii), for purposes of this Subsection (14), the
126	commission by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
120	Rulemaking Act, shall define:
128	(A) the terms:
129	(I) "member"; and
130	(II) "producer"; and
131	(B) what constitutes an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to
132	an association, corporation, or organization described in Subsection (14)(a)(i)(A).
133	(ii) The rules made under this Subsection (14)(b) shall be consistent with the filing
134	requirements under federal law for a farmers' cooperative.
135	(15) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is not incorporated or organized
136	under the laws of this state.
137	(16) (a) "Foreign operating company" means a corporation [that] if:
138	(i) the corporation is incorporated in the United States; [and]
139	(ii) at least 80% [or more of whose] of the corporation's business activity, as
140	determined under Section 59-7-401, is conducted outside the United States[-]; and
141	(iii) as calculated in accordance with Part 3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income
142	Utah UDITPA Provisions, the corporation has:
143	(A) at least \$1,000,000 of payroll located outside the United States; and
144	(B) at least \$2,000,000 of property located outside the United States.
145	(b) "Foreign operating company" does not include a corporation that qualifies for the
146	Puerto Rico and possession tax credit as provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code.
147	(17) (a) "Foreign real estate investment trust" means:
148	(i) a business entity organized outside the laws of the United States if:
149	(A) at least 75% of the business entity's total asset value at the close of the business
150	entity's taxable year is represented by:
151	(I) real estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c)(5)(B), Internal Revenue Code;
152	(II) cash or cash equivalents; or
153	(III) one or more securities issued or guaranteed by the United States;
154	(B) the business entity is:
155	(I) not subject to income taxation:

156	(Aa) on amounts distributed to the business entity's beneficial owners; and
157	(Bb) in the jurisdiction in which the business entity is organized; or
158	(II) exempt from income taxation on an entity level in the jurisdiction in which the
159	business entity is organized;
160	(C) the business entity distributes at least 85% of the business entity's taxable income,
161	as computed in the jurisdiction in which the business entity is organized, to the holders of the
162	business entity's:
163	(I) shares or beneficial interests; and
164	(II) on an annual basis;
165	(D) (I) not more than 10% of the following is held directly, indirectly, or constructively
166	by a single person:
167	(Aa) the voting power of the business entity; or
168	(Bb) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of the business entity; or
169	(II) the shares of the business entity are regularly traded on an established securities
170	market; and
171	(E) the business entity is organized in a country that has a tax treaty with the United
172	States; or
173	(ii) a listed Australian property trust.
174	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
175	commission may make rules defining:
176	(i) "cash or cash equivalents";
177	(ii) "established securities market"; or
178	(iii) "listed Australian property trust."
179	(18) "Income" includes losses.
180	(19) "Internal Revenue Code" means Title 26 of the United States Code as effective
181	during the year in which Utah taxable income is determined.
182	(20) "Nonbusiness income" is as defined in Section 59-7-302.
183	(21) "Real estate investment trust" is as defined in Section 856, Internal Revenue Code.
184	(22) "Related expenses" means:
185	(a) expenses directly attributable to nonbusiness income; and
186	(b) the portion of interest or other expense indirectly attributable to both nonbusiness

and business income which bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such interest or other expense, determined without regard to this Subsection (22), as the average amount of the asset producing the nonbusiness income bears to the average amount of all assets of the taxpayer within the taxable year.

(23) "Safe harbor lease" means a lease that qualified as a safe harbor lease under Section 168, Internal Revenue Code.

(24) "S corporation" means an S corporation as defined in Section 1361, Internal

- 193 (24) "S corporation" means an S corporation as defined in Section 1361, Internal Revenue Code.
- 195 (25) "State of the United States" includes any of the 50 states or the District of Columbia.
 - (26) (a) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the fiscal year ending during such calendar year upon the basis of which the adjusted income is computed.
 - (b) In the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under this chapter or under rules prescribed by the commission, "taxable year" includes the period for which such return is made.
 - (27) "Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed by this chapter.
 - (28) "Threshold level of business activity" means business activity in the United States equal to or greater than 20% of the corporation's total business activity as determined under Section 59-7-401.
 - (29) "Unadjusted income" means federal taxable income as determined on a separate return basis before intercompany eliminations as determined by the Internal Revenue Code, before the net operating loss deduction and special deductions for dividends received.
 - (30) (a) "Unitary group" means a group of corporations that:
- (i) are related through common ownership; and
- 211 (ii) by a preponderance of the evidence as determined by a court of competent 212 jurisdiction or the commission, are economically interdependent with one another as 213 demonstrated by the following factors:
- 214 (A) centralized management;
- 215 (B) functional integration; and
- (C) economies of scale.

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(b) "Unitary group" includes a captive real estate investment trust.

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218	(c) "Unitary group" does not include an S corporation.
219	(31) "United States" includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
220	(32) "Utah net loss" means the current year Utah taxable income before Utah net loss
221	deduction, if determined to be less than zero.
222	(33) "Utah net loss deduction" means the amount of Utah net losses from other taxable
223	years that may be carried back or carried forward to the current taxable year in accordance with
224	Section 59-7-110.
225	(34) (a) "Utah taxable income" means Utah taxable income before net loss deduction
226	less Utah net loss deduction.
227	(b) "Utah taxable income" includes income from tangible or intangible property located
228	or having situs in this state, regardless of whether carried on in intrastate, interstate, or foreign
229	commerce.
230	(35) "Utah taxable income before net loss deduction" means apportioned income plus
231	nonbusiness income allocable to Utah net of related expenses.
232	(36) (a) "Water's edge combined report" means a report combining the income and

234 (i) all members of a unitary group that are:

activities of:

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- 235 (A) corporations organized or incorporated in the United States, including those 236 corporations qualifying for the Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section 237 936, Internal Revenue Code, in accordance with Subsection (36)(b); and
 - (B) corporations organized or incorporated outside of the United States meeting the threshold level of business activity; and
- 240 (ii) an affiliated group electing to file a water's edge combined report under Subsection 241 59-7-402(2).
- 242 (b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a corporation which qualifies for the Puerto 243 Rico and possession tax credit provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code, is part of a 244 unitary group.
- 245 (37) "Worldwide combined report" means the combination of the income and activities 246 of all members of a unitary group irrespective of the country in which the corporations are 247 incorporated or conduct business activity.
 - Section 2. Section **59-7-105** is amended to read:

249	59-7-105. Additions to unadjusted income.
250	In computing adjusted income the following amounts shall be added to unadjusted
251	income:
252	(1) interest from bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness issued by any state
253	of the United States, including any agency and instrumentality of a state of the United States;
254	(2) the amount of any deduction taken on a corporation's federal return for taxes paid
255	by a corporation:
256	(a) to Utah for taxes imposed by this chapter; and
257	(b) to another state of the United States, a foreign country, a United States possession,
258	or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for taxes imposed for the privilege of doing business, or
259	exercising its corporate franchise, including income, franchise, corporate stock and business
260	and occupation taxes;
261	(3) the safe harbor lease adjustment required under Subsections 59-7-111(1)(a) and
262	(2)(a);
263	(4) capital losses that have been deducted on a Utah corporate return in previous years;
264	(5) any deduction on the federal return that has been previously deducted on the Utah
265	return;
266	(6) the amount of contributions claimed as a tax credit pursuant to Section 59-7-602;
267	(7) the amount of the deduction taken pursuant to Section 59-7-603 for sophisticated
268	technological equipment;
269	(8) charitable contributions, to the extent deducted on the federal return when
270	determining federal taxable income;
271	(9) the amount of gain or loss determined under Section 59-7-114 relating to a target
272	corporation under Section 338, Internal Revenue Code, unless such gain or loss has already
273	been included in the unadjusted income of the target corporation;
274	(10) the amount of gain or loss determined under Section 59-7-115 relating to
275	corporations treated for federal purposes as having disposed of its assets under Section 336(e),
276	Internal Revenue Code, unless such gain or loss has already been included in the unadjusted
277	income of the target corporation;
278	(11) adjustments to gains, losses, depreciation expense, amortization expense, and
279	similar items due to a difference between basis for federal purposes and basis as computed

280	under Section 59-7-107;
281	(12) the amount withdrawn under Title 53B, Chapter 8a, Higher Education Savings
282	Incentive Program, from the account of a corporation that is an account owner as defined in
283	Section 53B-8a-102, for the taxable year for which the amount is withdrawn, if that amount
284	withdrawn from the account of the corporation that is the account owner:
285	(a) is not expended for higher education costs as defined in Section 53B-8a-102; and
286	(b) is subtracted by the corporation:
287	(i) that is the account owner; and
288	(ii) in accordance with Subsection 59-7-106[$\frac{(18)}{(18)}$] $\frac{(1)(r)}{(18)}$; and
289	(13) the amount of the deduction for dividends paid, as defined in Section 561, Internal
290	Revenue Code, that is allowed under Section 857(b)(2)(B), Internal Revenue Code, in
291	computing the taxable income of a captive real estate investment trust, if that captive real estate
292	investment trust is subject to federal income taxation.
293	Section 3. Section 59-7-106 is amended to read:
294	59-7-106. Subtractions from unadjusted income.
295	(1) In computing adjusted income the following amounts shall be subtracted from
296	unadjusted income:
297	[(1)] (a) the foreign dividend gross-up included in gross income for federal income tax
298	purposes under Section 78, Internal Revenue Code;
299	[(2)] (b) subject to Subsection (2), the net capital loss, as defined for federal purposes,
300	if the taxpayer elects to deduct the <u>net capital</u> loss on the [current Utah return. The deduction
301	shall be made by claiming the deduction on the current Utah return which shall be filed by the
302	due date of the return, including extensions. For the purposes of this Subsection (2) all capital
303	losses in a given year must be:] return filed under this chapter for the taxable year for which the
304	net capital loss is incurred;
305	[(a) deducted in the year incurred; or]
306	[(b) carried forward as provided in Sections 1212(a)(1)(B) and (C), Internal Revenue
307	Code;]
308	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ (c) the decrease in salary expense deduction for federal income tax purposes due
309	to claiming the federal [jobs] work opportunity credit under Section 51, Internal Revenue
310	Code;

311	[(4)] (d) the decrease in qualified research and basic research expense deduction for
312	federal income tax purposes due to claiming the federal [research and development] credit for
313	increasing research activities under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code;
314	[(5)] (e) the decrease in qualified clinical testing expense deduction for federal income
315	tax purposes due to claiming the federal [orphan drug credit under Section 28] credit for
316	clinical testing expenses for certain drugs for rare diseases or conditions under Section 45C,
317	Internal Revenue Code;
318	[6] any decrease in any expense deduction for federal income tax purposes due to
319	claiming any other federal credit;
320	$[\frac{7}{2}]$ (g) the safe harbor lease adjustment required under Subsections 59-7-111(1)(b)
321	and (2)(b);
322	[(8)] (h) any income on the federal [corporate] corporation income tax return that has
323	been previously taxed by Utah;
324	[(9) amounts] (i) an amount included in federal taxable income that [are] is due to
325	[refunds of taxes] a refund of a tax, including a franchise tax, an income tax, a corporate stock
326	and business tax, or an occupation tax:
327	(i) if that tax is imposed for the privilege of:
328	(A) doing business[;]; or
329	(B) exercising a corporate franchise[, including income, franchise, corporate stock and
330	business and occupation taxes];
331	(ii) if that tax is paid by the corporation to:
332	(A) Utah[;];
333	(B) another state of the United States[-;];
334	(C) a foreign country[,];
335	(D) a United States possession[;]; or
336	(E) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and
337	(iii) to the extent that [the taxes were] tax was added to unadjusted income under
338	Section 59-7-105;
339	[(10)] (j) a charitable $[contributions]$ contribution, to the extent the charitable
340	contribution is allowed as a subtraction under Section 59-7-109;
341	[(11) (a)] (k) subject to Subsection (3), 50% of [the dividends deemed] a dividend

considered to be received or received from [subsidiaries which are members of the] a 342 343 subsidiary that: 344 (i) is a member of a unitary group [and are]; 345 (ii) is organized or incorporated outside of the United States [unless such subsidiaries 346 are]; and 347 (iii) is not included in a combined report under Section 59-7-402 or 59-7-403[-]; [In 348 arriving at the amount of the dividend exclusion, the taxpayer shall first deduct from the 349 dividends deemed received or received, the expense directly attributable to those dividends. 350 Interest expense attributable to excluded dividends shall be determined by multiplying interest 351 expense by a fraction, the numerator of which is the taxpayer's average investment in such 352 dividend paying subsidiaries, and the denominator of which is the taxpayer's average total 353 investment in assets;] 354 [(b) in determining income apportionable to this state, a portion of the factors of a 355 foreign subsidiary whose dividends are partially excluded under Subsection (11)(a) shall be 356 included in the combined report factors. The portion to be included shall be determined by 357 multiplying each factor of the foreign subsidiary by a fraction, but not to exceed 100%, the 358 numerator of which is the amount of the dividend paid by the foreign subsidiary which is 359 included in adjusted income, and the denominator of which is the current year earnings and 360 profits of the foreign subsidiary as determined under the Internal Revenue Code; 361 [(12) (a)] (1) subject to Subsection (4) and Section 59-7-401, 50% of the adjusted 362 income of a foreign operating company [unless the taxpayer has elected to file a worldwide 363 combined report as provided in Section 59-7-403. For purposes of this Subsection (12), when 364 calculating the adjusted income of a foreign operating company, a foreign operating company may not deduct the subtractions allowable under this Subsection (12) and Subsection (11)]; 365 366 [(b) in determining income apportionable to this state, the factors for a foreign 367 operating company shall be included in the combined report factors in the same percentage its 368 adjusted income is included in the combined adjusted income; 369 [(13)] (m) the amount of gain or loss [which] that is included in unadjusted income but 370 not recognized for federal purposes on stock sold or exchanged by a member of a selling 371 consolidated group as defined in Section 338, Internal Revenue Code, if an election has been 372 made [pursuant to] in accordance with Section 338(h)(10), Internal Revenue Code;

5/3	$\left[\frac{(14)}{(14)}\right]$ the amount of gain or loss $\left[\frac{\text{which}}{\text{which}}\right]$ is included in unadjusted income but
374	not recognized for federal purposes on stock sold, exchanged, or distributed by a corporation
375	[pursuant to] in accordance with Section 336(e), Internal Revenue Code, if an election under
376	Section 336(e), Internal Revenue Code, has been made for federal purposes;
377	[(15) (a) adjustments to gains, losses, depreciation expense, amortization expense, and
378	similar items]
379	(o) subject to Subsection (5), an adjustment to the following due to a difference
380	between basis for federal purposes and basis as computed under Section 59-7-107[; and]:
381	[(b) if there has been a reduction in federal basis for a federal tax credit where there is
382	no corresponding Utah tax credit, the amount of the reduction in basis shall be allowed as an
383	expense in the year of the federal credit;]
384	(i) an amortization expense;
385	(ii) a depreciation expense;
386	(iii) a gain;
387	(iv) a loss; or
388	(v) an item similar to Subsections (1)(o)(i) through (iv);
389	$[\frac{(16) \text{ any}}{(16) \text{ any}}]$ (\underline{p}) \underline{an} interest expense $\underline{that is}$ not deducted on $[\frac{the}{(16) \text{ any}}]$ \underline{a} federal $[\frac{the}{(16) \text{ any}}]$
390	corporation income tax return under Section 265(b) or 291(e), Internal Revenue Code;
391	[(17)] (q) 100% of [the] dividends received from [subsidiaries which are insurance
392	companies] a subsidiary that is an insurance company if that subsidiary that is an insurance
393	company is:
394	(i) exempt from this chapter under Subsection 59-7-102(1)(c); and [are]
395	(ii) under common ownership;
396	$[\frac{(18)}{(18)}]$ (r) subject to Subsection 59-7-105(12), the amount of a qualified investment as
397	defined in Section 53B-8a-102 that:
398	[(a)] (i) a corporation that is an account owner as defined in Section 53B-8a-102 makes
399	during the taxable year;
400	$[\frac{b}{a}]$ (ii) the corporation described in Subsection $[\frac{(18)(a)}{a}]$ (1)(r)(i) does not deduct on a
401	federal corporation income tax return; and
402	[(c)] (iii) does not exceed the maximum amount of the qualified investment that may
403	be subtracted from unadjusted income for a taxable year in accordance with Subsections

404	53B-8a-106(1)(d) and (f); and
405	[(19)] (s) for purposes of income included in a combined report under Part 4,
406	Combined Reporting, the entire amount of the dividends a member of a unitary group receives
407	or is considered to receive from a captive real estate investment trust.
408	(2) For purposes of Subsection (1)(b):
409	(a) the subtraction shall be made by claiming the subtraction on a return filed:
410	(i) under this chapter for the taxable year for which the net capital loss is incurred; and
411	(ii) by the due date of the return, including extensions; and
412	(b) a net capital loss for a taxable year shall be:
413	(i) subtracted for the taxable year for which the net capital loss is incurred; or
414	(ii) carried forward as provided in Sections 1212(a)(1)(B) and (C), Internal Revenue
415	Code.
416	(3) (a) For purposes of calculating the subtraction provided for in Subsection (1)(k), a
417	taxpayer shall first subtract from a dividend considered to be received or received an expense
418	directly attributable to that dividend as determined under Subsection (3)(b).
419	(b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a), an interest expense that is directly attributable to
420	a dividend is calculated by multiplying the interest expense by a fraction:
421	(i) the numerator of which is the taxpayer's average investment in the dividend paying
422	subsidiaries; and
423	(ii) the denominator of which is the taxpayer's average total investment in assets.
424	(c) (i) For purposes of calculating the subtraction allowed by Subsection (1)(k), in
425	determining income apportionable to this state, a portion of the factors of a foreign subsidiary
426	that has dividends that are partially subtracted under Subsection (1)(k) shall be included in the
427	combined report factors as provided in this Subsection (3)(c).
428	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(i), the portion of the factors of a foreign
429	subsidiary that has dividends that are partially subtracted under Subsection (1)(k) that shall be
430	included in the combined report factors is calculated by multiplying each factor of the foreign
431	subsidiary by a fraction:
432	(A) not to exceed 100%; and
433	(B) (I) the numerator of which is the amount of the dividend paid by the foreign
434	subsidiary that is included in adjusted income; and

435	(II) the denominator of which is the current year earnings and profits of the foreign
436	subsidiary as determined under the Internal Revenue Code.
437	(4) (a) For purposes of Subsection (1)(l), a taxpayer may not make a subtraction under
438	Subsection (1)(1):
439	(i) if the taxpayer elects to file a worldwide combined report as provided in Section
440	<u>59-7-403; or</u>
441	(ii) for the following:
442	(A) income generated from intangible property; or
443	(B) a capital gain, dividend, interest, rent, royalty or other similar item that is generated
444	from an asset held for investment and not from a regular business trading activity.
445	(b) In calculating the subtraction provided for in Subsection (1)(1), a foreign operating
446	company:
447	(i) may not subtract an amount provided for in Subsection (1)(k) or (l); and
448	(ii) prior to determining the subtraction under Subsection (1)(1), shall eliminate a
449	transaction that occurs between members of a unitary group.
450	(c) For purposes of the subtraction provided for in Subsection (1)(1), in determining
451	income apportionable to this state, the factors for a foreign operating company shall be
452	included in the combined report factors in the same percentages as the foreign operating
453	company's adjusted income is included in the combined adjusted income.
454	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
455	commission may by rule define what constitutes:
456	(i) income generated from intangible property; or
457	(ii) a capital gain, dividend, interest, rent, royalty or other similar item that is generated
458	from an asset held for investment and not from a regular business trading activity.
459	(5) (a) For purposes of the subtraction provided for in Subsection (1)(o), the amount of
460	a reduction in basis shall be allowed as an expense for the taxable year in which a federal tax
461	credit is claimed if:
462	(i) there is a reduction in federal basis for a federal tax credit; and
463	(ii) there is no corresponding tax credit allowed in this state.
464	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
465	commission may by rule define what constitutes an item similar to Subsections (1)(o)(i)

466	through	(iv)	١.

- Section 4. Effective date.
- This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2011.